sense explained above, (Msb,) or the professors of practical religion use it in the place of by a kind of license, relying upon the understanding of the hearer or reader, or do so erroneously, (Mgh,) He trod, or thrashed, (M, Mgh, Msb,) the wheat, (Mgh, Msb,) or grain, (M,) either by the feet of beasts, or by repeatedly q. v. infrà] until it مدوس became تَبْن [or cut straw]; (Mgh;) as also دَاسُوهُ دُوْسَ الحَصيد (M.) You say. أَدَاسَهُ ♥ [They trod, or trampled, upon him, or it, with the treading of reaped corn]. (A.) ___, (IAar, TA,) inf. n. دُوْس, (IAar, A, K,) He ْ abased him. (IAar, A, K.) ___ نَزَلَ العَدُوُّ بِينِي فُلَانٍ ___ The enemy [came upon فَجَاسَهُمْ وَحَاسَهُمْ وَدَاسَهُمْ and slew the sons of such a one, and went through the midst of their dwellings, and made havoc among them. (TA.) __, (A, TA,) inf. n. رُوس , (A, K,) ! Inivit eam ; scil., feminam : (A:) vehementer inivit eam: (A, K.: [in the former, this signification is given as proper, though that immediately preceding is said to be tropical: in the TA, the latter is said to be tropical:]) conscendit et vehementer inivit eam. رَوْسَ ، (Ş, M, A, Msb,) inf. n. رُوسٌ , (Msb, K,) or دياس (As, A, Mgh,) ; He polished it; namely, a sword, (S, M, A, Mgh, Msb, K,) and the like, (K,) or some other thing. (Msb.) also signifies ! The framing, and dressing up, of deceit, guile, or circumvention: (As, A, TA:) [agreeably with which explanation the verb, داس, is probably used, though not mentioned in the A nor in the TA: or simply, the act of deceiving, beguiling, circumventing, and practising artifice. (TA.) You say, We set about the framing, and إِ أَخُذُنَا فِي الدُّوْسِ dressing up, of deceit, guile, or circumvention: (A:) or we set about deceiving, &c. (TA.)

4: see دُاسَ الطُّعَامَ, in the paragraph above.

7. انداس It (wheat [or grain]) was, or became, trodden, or thrashed. (S,* TA.) [See 1.]

ديس: see the next paragraph.

The lion (K, TA) that tramples upon his prey. (TA.) — A courageous man; (K;) and any one that tramples upon his opponents, or adversaries: (TA:) and [in like manner] روس , originally , a courageous and strong man, that tramples upon every one who alights with him to fight: pl. of the latter, ميسة . (AZ, TA.) — † Every one shilful (K, TA) in his art; because he abases (يُدُوسُ) every one who contends with him. (TA.)

[act. part. n. of رَاسُ ; Treading, &c.]. رَاسُ [the fem.] (A) and [its pl.] دَانْسُةُ (M, A, TA) The bulls, or cows, that tread, or thrash, wheat, or grain. (M, A, TA.) — اَنْتُهُو النَّهُ اللَّهُ النَّهُ النَّالَةُ النَّالِ النَّلَ النَّالُولُ النَّلُولُ النَّالُولُ النَّالُ النَّالِي النَّالِي النَّلُولُ النَّلُولُ النَّالُ النَّالُولُ النَّالِي النَّالُولُولُ النَّلِي النَّلُولُ النَّلُولُ النَّلُولُ النَّلِي النَّلُولُ النَّلُولُ النَّلُولُ اللَّلَّ اللَّلَالِي اللَّلِي اللَّلَّ اللْمُعُلِّلِهُ اللْمُعُلِّلِي اللَّلَالِي اللَّلِي اللَّلِلْمُ اللْمُعُلِّلِي اللَّلِي اللَّلِمُ اللَّلِمُ اللَّلِي اللَّلِمُ اللْمُعُلِّلِمُ اللَّالِمُ الللَّالِمُ اللْمُلِلِي اللَّلِمُ اللَّلِي اللَّلِمُ الللَّالِي اللَّلِي اللَّلِي اللَّلِل

the place where it is trodden out]; (K;) so accord to Hisham: or, as some say, he that treads, or thrashes, wheat, and bruises it, in order that the grain may come forth from it. (TA.) دُوسُ [pl. of رُائِسُ, like as بُرُلُ is pl. of بُازِلُ,] † Polishers of swords or the like; syn. مُقَلَة . (IAar, K, TA. [In the CK, and in a MS. copy of the K, صَقَلَة , which is evidently a mistake.])

رمذاس, (K,) but by rule it should be مداس, (Mṣb,) and so, accord. to En-Näwawee, it is also written, as though meaning "an instrument for treading," (MF,) originally مدوس, (TA in art مدوس,) A certain thing that is morn on the foot (Mṣb, K) by a man; (Mṣb;) [a shoe, or sandal, or a pair of shoes or sandals, of any hind; accord. to present usage: or, accord. to Golius, a hind of high-heeled shoe or sandal, generally used by peasants, and fastened with thongs or with a button or the like:] pl. أمدسة [which is a pl. of pauc., and the only pl. mentioned]. (Mṣb.)

A trodden road: or] a road much trodden; (TA;) as also أُمُدُوسٌ (A, TA.)

رية. see what next precedes.

مَدَاسَةٌ A place in which wheat [or grain] is trodden, or thrashed. (Ṣ, Ķ.) [See also

مَدُوسٌ عود : مِدُواسٌ

دوف

4: see the preceding paragraph.

دُوفَانٌ Insubus, or nightmare; syn. كَابُوسٌ. (Ibn-'Abbad, Ķ.)

act. part. n. of 1. (T, TA.) _ And, applied to musk, i. q. مُدُوفٌ, q. v. (TA.)

مَدُوفُ (T, S, M, Mṣb, K) and مُدُوفُ (Ṣ, M, Mṣb, K,) the latter of the dial. of Temeem, (M,) and [said to be] the only instance of the kind, (Ṣ, Mṣb, K,) i. e., of a pass. part. n. of a triliteral-radical verb with a medial , (Ṣ, Mṣb,* TA,) except مُصُونُ (Ṣ, Mṣb, K) as a variation of (Ṣ, Mṣb,) though Mbr asserts it to be agreeable with a rule obtaining in all similar cases, which none [other] of the leading authorities allows, (Mṣb,) and مُصُونُ are the usual forms, (Ṣ, TA,) Mixed: (M, Mṣb:) or moistened: or bruised, brayed, or pounded; or powdered, or pulverized: (Ṣ, K:) applied to perfume, (T,) or to musk: (Ṣ, M, K:) as also the content of the leading authorities allows.

زوك

مَدَاكُ and دَوُكُ inf. n. وَدُوكُ and مَدَاكُ . 1. He bruised, brayed, or pounded, it; (S, K;) and did so finely, or pulverized it; (TA;) namely, perfume, (S, TA,) &c. (TA.) Also, inf. n. رُوك , He bruised it, and ground it, like as does a camel a thing with his breast [when lying upon the ground]. (Z, TA.) _ And داکبکا, (AA, K,) aor. يَدُوكُ, inf. n. دُوْك , (AA,) He compressed her; namely, a woman; (AA, K;) and so يَاكَيا. (AA.) And He leaped her; namely, a stallion, the mare: (TA:) and in like manner said of an ass. (IDrd, TA.) __ And داکه, (IDrd, K,) aor. as above, inf. n. دُوك, (IDrd,) He plunged him (a man) in water or dust. (IDrd, K.) _____
And i. q. implies [He made him captive; &c.]. (TA.) داك القُومُ The people, or party, fell into a state of confusion (K, TA) in respect of their case, or affair, and went round about [in perplexity]. (TA.) بات القُوْمُ يدُوكُونُ (Ṣ,) or , occurring in a trad., (TA,) inf. n. وَوْكُ (S, TA,) means The people passed the night in confusion, and in going round about [in perplexity]: (S:) or in a state of confusion, and commotion, or disturbance, and disagreement. (TA.) _ And The people, or party, became diseased, or sick. (Abu-r-Rabeen El-Bekráwee, Aboo-Turáb, K.)

6. تداوكوا They straitened one another (Ṣ, Ķ) in war, or battle, (Ṣ,) or in evil, or mischief, (Ṣ, Ķ,) and in contention, or altercation. (Ķ.)

مُوْكَ A species of mother-of-pearl-shell, or oyster-shell. (IDrd, TA.)

. مَدَاكُ see : دُوكُ

غرضة and أوضة Evil, or mischief; and contention, or altercation; (Ṣ, K, TA;) and a confused state of affairs: pl. of the former دَوْك , and of the latter دُوك . (TA.) One says, دُوكَة and وَتَعُوا في دُوكَة [They fell into evil, &c.]. (Ṣ, K.) And Ru-beh says,

فَرُبَّهَا نَجَيْتُ مِنْ تِلْكَ الدُّوَكُ♥

[And seldom, or often, I escaped from those evils, &c.] (TA.)